LEEANN M. PELHAM
Executive Director
LOS ANGELES CITY ETHICS COMMISSION
200 N. Spring Street
City Hall – 24th Floor
Los Angeles, CA 90012
(213) 978-1960

BEFORE THE CITY ETHICS COMMISSION CITY OF LOS ANGELES

In the Matter of:)	CEC Case No. 2004-20
MARTIN G. LUDLOW and MARTIN LUDLOW FOR CITY COUNCIL,)	STIPULATION, DECISION AND ORDER
Respond	dents.)	

The Complainant LeeAnn M. Pelham, Executive Director of the City Ethics Commission ("Commission"), and Respondents Martin G. Ludlow ("Ludlow") and Martin Ludlow for City Council ("Committee") hereby agree that this Stipulation will be submitted for consideration by the Commission at a regularly scheduled meeting and that the agreements herein are contingent upon the approval of this Stipulation and the accompanying Decision and Order by the Commission.

The parties agree to enter into this Stipulation to resolve all factual and legal issues related to the violations delineated in Counts 1 through 9 of Exhibit 1, attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference, and to reach a final disposition without the necessity of holding an administrative hearing to determine the liability of Respondents. Respondents stipulate that Exhibit 1 is a true and accurate summary of the facts in this matter.

Respondents understand, and hereby knowingly and voluntarily waive, any and all procedural rights under Los Angeles City Charter ("Charter") §706 and Los Angeles Administrative Code

§§24.1.2(d) and (e), including but not limited to a determination of probable cause, the issuance and receipt of an accusation, the right to personally appear at any administrative hearing held in this matter, to confront and cross-examine all witnesses testifying at the hearing, to subpoena witnesses to testify at the hearing, and to have the Commission or an impartial administrative law judge hear the matter.

Respondents stipulate they have violated the Charter as described in Exhibit 1 and agree to the issuance of the attached Decision and Order and imposition by the Commission of administrative penalties totaling \$105,271.05. The penalties are to be paid in the form of cashier's check, payable to the "General Fund of the City of Los Angeles," prior to the Commission's consideration of this Stipulation. Any payments submitted by Respondents are to be held by the Commission until the Board issues its Decision and Order in this matter.

Respondents further agree that if they are unable to provide full payment of the proposed penalty prior to the Commission's consideration of this stipulation and the Commission is otherwise willing to accept the terms of the Stipulation, then the Commission will immediately find the Respondents liable for the Charter violations set forth in Exhibit 1 and order the Respondents to pay the agreed upon fine of \$105,271.05, which is the maximum penalty allowed under City law. The penalty will be paid no later than July 1, 2006 and will thereafter be immediately subject to collection against Ludlow. Respondents knowingly and voluntarily waive any right to challenge the Commission's Decision and Order, as delineated above.

In the event the Commission refuses to accept this Stipulation, the parties agree that it shall become null and void. The parties further agree that within 10 business days after the Commission meeting at which the Stipulation is rejected, all payments tendered by Respondents in connection with this Stipulation shall be returned to Respondents. Respondents also stipulate and agree that in the event the Commission rejects the Stipulation and a full evidentiary hearing before the Commission becomes necessary, no members of the Commission Board or staff, nor the Executive Director, shall be disqualified solely because of prior consideration of this Stipulation.

1 2	DATED: 3/3/06 LEBANN M. PELHAM Executive Director CITY ETHICS COMMISSION
3	Complainant
4	alle mill
s	DATED: 3/3/06
6	MARTIN G. LUDLOW Respondent
7	At Ha
8	DATED: 3/3/06
9	MARTIN LUDLOW FOR CITY COUNCIL Respondent
10	
11	
12	DATED: 3/3/06 Solday
13	STEPMENT, KAUFWAN Attorney for Respondents
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	

DECISION AND ORDER

The City Ethics Commission has co	onsidered the above Stipulation and the attached exhibit at its
meeting on	The City Ethics Commission hereby approves the
Stipulation and orders that, in accordance	with the Stipulation, Respondents Martin G. Ludlow and
Martin Ludlow for City Council shall pay	a total in fines of \$105,271.05 to the "General Fund of the
City of Los Angeles."	
•	
DATED:	
	GIL GARCETTI, President CITY ETHICS COMMISSION

EXHIBIT 1

SUMMARY OF FACTS AND EVIDENCE

Respondent Martin G. Ludlow ("Ludlow") was a candidate for City Council District Ten ("CD 10") in the March 4, 2003 Los Angeles primary election. Respondent Martin Ludlow for City Council committee ("Committee") was Ludlow's candidate-controlled committee for that election.

The Commission has determined and Ludlow is informed and believes that, from 1992 to May 2004, Janett L. Humphries ("Humphries") served as president of Service Employees International Union ("SEIU") Local 99 ("Local 99"), a labor union representing approximately 40,000 workers consisting mostly of non-teaching employees from various Southern California school districts. The Commission has determined and Ludlow is informed and believes that Humphries became president after SEIU's international leadership put Local 99 into trusteeship following allegations that its management had misused union funds. The Commission has determined and Ludlow is informed and believes that during the CD 10 primary campaign period, Local 99 had a political action committee called the Local 99 Council on Political Education ("COPE"), which was directed by a sub-group of the Local 99 Board of Trustees. In September 2002, Local 99 gave a \$500 political contribution to Respondents, which is the maximum allowable amount under City law.

Ludlow had been acquainted with Humphries for several years before he became a candidate for the Los Angeles City Council. Prior to his candidacy, Ludlow worked as a political field representative for the SEIU International and as political director of the Los Angeles County Federation of Labor. During that time, Ludlow had extensive contact with Humphries, who was heavily involved in labor issues and politics in Southern California. Humphries remained politically involved during and as a supporter of Ludlow's City Council campaign. After Ludlow was elected to the City Council, he recommended Humphries' appointment to the City's Central Area Planning Commission. She served in that position from

November 2003 until December 2004. The Commission has determined and Ludlow is informed and believes that, in May 2004, SEIU International President Andrew L. Stern, with the ratification of the Board of Trustees of Local 99, removed Humphries from the Local 99 presidency position in the wake of internal allegations and evidence that she had used union funds for personal and political purposes without the approval of the Local 99 Board of Trustees or the Local 99 COPE board, and representatives of SEIU International contacted City Ethics Commission ("Commission") enforcement staff regarding the evidence that Local 99 funds and resources had been misused for political purposes.

An extensive investigation conducted by the Commission's Enforcement Division, in cooperation with the investigations of the Los Angeles District Attorney's Office, the United State's Attorney's Office, and the United States Department of Labor's Office of the Inspector General subsequently revealed evidence that, between approximately October 2002 and March 2003, Respondents conspired with then-Local 99 President Humphries to circumvent the contribution limits of the Los Angeles City Charter ("Charter") by accepting in-kind campaign contributions from Local 99 in the form of salaries and benefits for campaign staff, trucks and sound equipment rented for the campaign's use, and cellular telephone service and airtime. Respondents further conspired with Humphries to conceal these contributions as routine union expenditures or other expenditures made for the Local's benefit. The in-kind contributions included:

• \$27,895 in salaries and benefits paid by Local 99 to six "phantom" union employees who in fact worked directly and exclusively for Ludlow's campaign committee after being placed on the union payroll per direction by Humphries. Ludlow provided job descriptions for each "phantom" employee and determined the amount of salary and benefits to be paid by Local 99 to those individuals. As a result of communications between Respondents and Humphries, Local 99 paid:

- \$1,820.90 for medical and dental benefits for campaign staffer AV between
 December 2002 and March 2003;
- o \$6,493.90 in gross wages to campaign staffer GA in January 2003;
- \$9,030.20 in gross wages to campaign staffer MP between February and March
 2003;
- o \$4,000 in gross wages to campaign staffer GL between February and March 2003;
- \$4,550 in gross wages to campaign staffer KS between January and February
 2003; and
- \$2,000 in gross wages to campaign staffer CT between February and March 2003.
 Four of the six individuals identified above as "phantom" union employees previously worked with Ludlow.
- \$1,197.62 paid by Local 99 for the rental of trucks and sound equipment used by Ludlow and the Committee for a voter communication "caravan" during the weekend prior the March 4, 2003 primary election. Agents of the Committee organized the caravan of trucks with sound systems to parade through District 10 that weekend urging people to vote for Ludlow. Local 99 COPE reported the rental costs to the Commission as an independent expenditure, but coordination of this expenditure of Local 99 funds with Respondents negates its characterization as "independent" and requires it to be treated as an in-kind contribution.
- \$3,397.73 in airtime charges paid for by Local 99 for phone calls made by Ludlow during his primary campaign using a Local 99 cell phone assigned to Humphries. Humphries provided Ludlow with the cell phone in December 2002, and he used it throughout his primary campaign for election-related phone calls. Local 99 paid for all of the phone charges incurred on that line from December 2002 through March 2003.

In addition to Respondents' acceptance of the above-detailed in-kind contributions, the joint investigation found evidence that Ludlow also made approximately \$2,600 in cash salary payments to campaign staffer KS between December 2002 and January 2003. He did not disburse these funds from the campaign checking account, nor were they reported to the Commission.

APPLICABLE LAW

Article IV of the Charter, the Los Angeles Campaign Finance Ordinance (LAMC § 49.7.1 *et seq.*), LAAC § 24.5, and the California Political Reform Act ("PRA"), Cal. Gov. Code §§ 81000 – 91014, ¹ govern campaign finance and disclosure requirements for Los Angeles City elections. Provisions of particular relevance to the instant case are discussed in greater detail below with reference to specific violations.

VIOLATIONS

COUNTS 1-8: Accepting Excess Contributions

In Violation of Charter §470(c)(3)

Charter §470(c)(3) states: "...A candidate for City Council and his or her controlled committee shall not accept any contribution or contributions totaling more than five hundred dollars (\$500) from any person for a single election..."

The definition of "contribution" includes payments made at the behest of a committee or candidate for campaign-related purposes unless full and adequate compensation is received from the committee or candidate, Cal. Gov. Code §§ 82015(a) and (b), including "...the payment of compensation by any person for the personal services or expenses of any other person if the services are rendered or expenses incurred on behalf of a candidate or committee without payment of full and adequate consideration." Cal. Gov. Code § 82015(c).

¹ Under Charter § 470(b)(1), definitions of terms set forth in the PRA, Cal. Gov. Code § 81000 et seq., and its regulations, Cal. Code of Reg. § 18109 et seq., apply to Los Angeles City campaign finance, campaign disclosure, and government ethics provisions unless the terms are otherwise defined.

Respondents admit to eight counts of violating Charter § 470(c)(3) as detailed below:

- COUNT 1: By failing to compensate Local 99 for \$1,820.90 in medical and dental benefits provided by Local 99 in coordination with or at Respondents' behest to Committee employee AV between December 2002 and March 2003, Respondents accepted an excess in-kind contribution and thereby violated Charter § 470(c)(3).
- COUNT 2: By failing to compensate Local 99 for \$6,493.90 in gross wages paid by Local 99 in coordination with or at Respondents' behest to Committee employee GA in January 2003, Respondents accepted an excess in-kind contribution and thereby violated Charter § 470(c)(3).
- COUNT 3: By failing to compensate Local 99 for \$9,030.20 in gross wages paid by Local 99 in coordination with or at Respondents' behest to Committee employee MP between February and March 2003, Respondents accepted an excess in-kind contribution and thereby violated Charter § 470(c)(3).
- COUNT 4: By failing to compensate Local 99 for \$4,000 in gross wages paid by Local 99 in coordination with or at Respondents' behest to Committee employee GL between February and March 2003, Respondents accepted an excess in-kind contribution and thereby violated Charter § 470(c)(3).
- COUNT 5: By failing to compensate Local 99 for \$4,550 in gross wages paid by Local 99 in coordination with or at Respondents' behest to Committee employee KS between January and February 2003, Respondents accepted an excess in-kind contribution and thereby violated Charter § 470(c)(3).
- COUNT 6: By failing to compensate Local 99 for \$2,000 in gross wages paid by Local 99 in coordination with or at Respondents' behest to Committee employee CT between February and March 2003, Respondents accepted an excess in-kind contribution and thereby violated Charter § 470(c)(3).

COUNT 7: By failing to compensate Local 99 for \$3,397.73 in campaign-related cellular telephone airtime charges incurred by Respondents on a Local 99 cell phone account between December 2002 and March 2003, Respondents accepted an excess in-kind contribution and thereby violated Charter § 470(c)(3).

COUNT 8: By failing to compensate Local 99 for \$1,197.62 in rental costs paid by Local 99 in coordination with or at Respondents' behest for three flatbed trucks and sound equipment used during a "get-out-the-vote" caravan on or about March 1, 2003 to support the Ludlow campaign for City Council, Respondents accepted an excess in-kind contribution and thereby violated Charter § 470(c)(3).

COUNT 9: Cash Payment of Campaign Expenditure In Violation of Charter §470(g)

Charter § 470(g) states: "No more than one campaign contribution checking account shall be established by each candidate for elected City office, and by each committee supporting or opposing such candidate...A candidate, treasurer or designated agent of the treasurer shall pay all campaign expenditures for a City election with monies from this campaign checking account."

Respondents admit to one count of violating Charter § 470(g) as detailed below:

COUNT 9: By paying Committee employee KS \$2,600 in cash between December 2002 and January 2003 for campaign work and by failing to disburse these funds from the campaign checking account, Respondents violated Charter § 470(g).

MITIGATING AND AGGRAVATING FACTORS

Respondents took deliberate action to circumvent City contribution limits and attempted to conceal that illegal activity. Such violations are extremely serious because they deprive the public of information about the true source of campaign funds and may allow the excess contributor an inordinate amount of influence over the outcome of a City campaign. In mitigation, Respondents had no prior enforcement history with the Commission and cooperated

throughout the investigation of this matter. Further, Respondent Ludlow accepted responsibility for his actions without the necessity of lengthy proceedings, and has agreed to fully cooperate with any other prosecutions arising out of his association with Humphries and Local 99.

CONCLUSION

Respondents agree to enter into a global settlement with the Commission, the Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office, and the United States Attorney's Office.

A maximum administrative penalty assessed by the Commission for the nine counts in this matter could result in a penalty of up to \$5,000 per count, or three times the amount unlawfully contributed, accepted, or reported, whichever is greater, in the instant case \$105,271.05. The facts of this case justify the imposition of the maximum available administrative penalty against Respondents. The \$105,271.05 agreed upon penalty amount is equivalent to three times the amount of excess contributions received (3 x \$32,490.35), \$97,471.05; plus three times the amount of unreported cash campaign expenditures (3 x \$2,600), \$7,800.

In addition to the above-described penalty, Respondent Ludlow has also agreed, as part of a global settlement agreement with the Commission, the United States Attorney's Office, and the Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office, to enter guilty pleas in the cases entitled People of the State of California v. Martin Ludlow and United States of America v. Martin Gregory Ludlow, and to cooperate fully with related investigations and proceedings by the United States Attorney's Office, the Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office, the United States Department of Labor – Office of Labor Racketeering and Fraud Investigations, the United States Department of Labor – Office of Labor Management Standards, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Metropolitan Transit Authority, Office of Inspector General and, as directed by the settling agencies, any other federal, state, or local law enforcement proceeding. Respondent Ludlow's federal conviction will disqualify him from employment with labor organizations, such as the Los Angeles County Federation of Labor, or employee benefit plans; service as a labor relations consultant to a labor organization, employer, or employer

24

25

organization; or service as a consultant or adviser to a labor organization or to an employee benefit plan for 13 years. Ludlow agrees not to contest or seek relief from these employment disabilities for five years, at which time he may seek a reduction in the length of the disability. His state conviction will disqualify him from holding elective office for four years and will prohibit him from participating in political fundraising for the period of his probation, except to the extent permitted in connection with a legal defense fund established to pay for penalties and legal costs associated with these related actions.

In exchange for Respondent Ludlow's agreement to these terms the United States Attorney's Office agrees 1) to recommend a two-level reduction in the applicable sentencing guidelines offense level and to recommend an additional one-level reduction, if available, under the pertinent section of the sentencing guidelines; 2) to recommend that Ludlow be sentenced at the low end of the applicable sentencing guidelines range provided that the total offense level as calculated by the Court is 10 or higher; 3) except for criminal tax violations and civil proceedings, not to further prosecute Ludlow for violations of 28 U.S.C. § 501(c) arising out of his conduct described herein and his conspiracy to embezzle money and property from Local 99; 4) not to offer as evidence in its case-in-chief or any other prosecution that may be brought against Ludlow, or in connection with any sentencing proceeding against Ludlow, any statements made by Ludlow or documents, records, or tangible evidence provided by Ludlow as a result of his cooperation; 5) in connection with Ludlow's sentencing, to bring to the Court's attention the nature and extent of his cooperation; (6) to recommend a non-custodial sentence if Ludlow fulfills his obligations; and 7) to recommend to the Court that any sentence imposed run concurrently with any sentence imposed in the pending Los Angeles Superior Court case entitled <u>People</u> of the State of California v. Martin Ludlow, and that Ludlow be permitted to serve any sentence in federal custody.

In exchange for Ludlow's agreement to the terms discussed above, the Los Angeles County

District Attorney's Office has agreed to recommend three years probation and a fine of \$15,000 (\$5,000)

per count of violation, where those counts include one felony and two misdemeanors), plus penalties and assessments.